

The Raymond Recorder

The News and Advertising Medium of Southern Alberta's Sugar District

VOL 5

RAYMOND, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, MAY 20 1927

NO. 15

Our Saturday Grocery Bulletins

Represent an actual cash saving to you, with the assurance of quality goods backed by a refund if you are not satisfied.

Choice Tomatoes	7 cans for	98c
Fresh Rhubarb	3 lbs for	18c
Large Wood Boxes Sodas	each	59c
Garden Seeds, reg 10c per pkg		8c
Corn Beef, 1-lb tins	special each	26c
Fry's or Rowntrees Cocoa, reg 35c		27c
Macaroni in ready cut	3-lb pkg	46c
Swift's Bologna, fresh stock	per lb	19c
Oranges, large sizes	per doz	34c
Lemons, largest size	per doz	33c
Clover Leaf Dinner Plates, 7 in.	per 1-2 doz	\$1.26
Grape Fruit, 15c seller	each	11c
Pure Raspberry Jam, 4-lb pail	each	58c
Popular Brand Face Powder, \$1.00 value for		59c
McClary's Zinc Wash Boards	each	39c
Heavy Nickel Plated Dairy Pails, reg \$1.25		89c
Barbed Wire, extra special for cash	per spool	\$4.49

New Carrots, Beets, Celery, Lettuce, Potatoes, Tomatoes, etc., for Saturday. Order early.

PHONE 57 OR 10

THE BIG DEPARTMENT STORE

Raymond Merc.
COMPANY, LIMITED

Extraordinary Values for the Saturday Shopper

PHONE 17 CASH ONLY
Our aim is to please Free Delivery

Henna	2 for	25c
Hard Water Soles	6 for	25c
Shredded Wheat	2 for	25c
Puffed Wheat	2 for	25c
Rice	6 lbs for	50c
Blue Ribbon Baking Powder	per tin	20c
Sliced Pineapple	per tin	15c
Sweet Pickles, quart jar		50c
Shredded Coconut	per lb	25c

Robin Hood Flour and Choice Cuts of Meats Always

F. T. Holt's Market

Farm News

Several New
Van Brunt Press Drills
Just Arrived

Also 3 used Van Brunt Drills and several used High Wheel Drills to go at bargain prices. See them.

For sale cheap: Used John Deere and Cockshutt Gang and Sulky Plows.

Raymond Service Station

J. D. HALL

Chrysler Cars

Dealer

Star Cars

Brewerton Brothers Purchase Palace Theatre at Cardston

The Brewerton brothers extended their theatre holdings by a big margin last Saturday when they purchased the Palace Theatre, Cardston, from D. G. Sorrentino.

The three brothers, Lee, Gordon and George, now operate theatres at Shelby, Cutbank, Oilmont, Sunburst, Kevin, Raymond and Cardston. They are really pioneers in the moving picture business having been established in Raymond for the past twenty years or so. They were the first to show a two-reel picture in this district. In past years their experience has extended to operating theatres in Vulcan, Red Deer, Olds and Edmonton.

The Palace theatre will be managed by Gordon with Lowell Court as machine man, but films

will be purchased through the local theatre, of which Lee will still maintain active management. The same pictures will be shown here and at Cardston. The newly acquired buying power will be used as an influence to secure nothing but the latest and best film releases.

Although the new owners took possession of the Palace last Monday, the official opening will not be announced until the present Palace bookings have been run off.

Mr. Sorrentino, the former owner, will leave soon for South America, where he will engage in establishing agencies for a new radio corporation, of which H. B. Brown, former head of the Lethbridge Stake, is now president, with his office in Salt Lake City.

Town Council Notes

The following is a brief report of what occurred at the meeting of the town council held Thursday, May 12.

C. W. Stone, who was present, stated that his bid on the park land amounted to \$143.50 according to the understanding of the acreage when the bid was made. The council held that the exact acreage was not then known and that bids were given by the acre. Therefore they required Mr. Stone to pay for the exact acreage leased which amounted to \$169.50.

Ray Knight requested more strict enforcement of the stray pen by-law. Stray pen fees were revised, and hereafter a fee of \$1.00 will be charged on animals impounded during the day, and \$2.00 on animals impounded during the night.

Both local banks solicited the school account which has been taken over by the town. The account was awarded to the Standard Bank because of the fact that two other public accounts, viz., the Town and rural municipality, are both carried at the Bank of Montreal. It was decided to keep the above accounts at the respective banks permanently.

Dr. S. Astor requested payment for account against J. Anderson, the Seely child and Bob Daniels. These were granted. The doctor requested an increase in salary as health physician from \$200 per year to \$450. This was not granted.

Constable Van Orman applied to purchase a building lot next to the Massey Harris building. Granted.

The government analysis of Raymond ice and water was read. It stated that both ice and water free from bacterial life, uncontaminated and satisfactory as far as health regulations were concerned.

News Notes

Complete change of pictures at the Rex Theatre Saturday night. "Casey at the Bat" showing the last time tonight, Friday. Ben Lyon in "The Perfect Sap" Saturday night.

Dean Lamb has started a drayage service. His ad appears in this issue.

News Notes

Mrs. T. L. Halpin and Mrs. F. Ralph will leave next Tuesday for Ontario where they will spend a few weeks visit.

Tuesday next being a public holiday, Victoria Day, all places of business will close.

Tile piping for the new drain along Broadway has arrived and will be laid as soon as weather conditions permit.

Lee Brewerton and D. C. Peterson were Cardston visitors last Monday.

Wm Clemis spent a few days last week at a Lethbridge hospital with an injured knee. During his absence his position here was filled by Elred Hudson of Magrath.

A special novelty dance will be given in the Opera House on May 24. Watch for posters.

On Saturday, May 21 at the United Church a W. I. Girl's club will be organized under the direction of the constituency convener. This will enable the girls to get any line of the extension work offered by the department at Edmonton free of cost. We want the girls of Raymond to be represented at the convention held at Banff on July 5 to compete for the prizes offered and get the benefit of the instructions by Miss McDermott, who has been brought from New York to give the W. I. Girls special lectures on subjects vital to young women. All girls over twelve years of age are eligible as members and the membership fee is 25c per year.

Mrs. Wm. Wilbur and her daughter Thelma left Tuesday morning for Portland to join Mr. Wilbur, who has spent the winter there.

The long dreamed of and much talked about All-Canadian automobile highway from Alberta to the coast is to be opened this month. Motorist from Alberta going to the coast can travel over the all-red route through the Crow's Nest Pass to Kootenay Landing, take the boat to Nelson and then on by way of Osoyoos to Kamloops and over the new B. C. highway to Vancouver.

Emily, the young daughter of of Jas. E. Meeks, who has been seriously ill for the past two weeks died Thursday morning at eleven o'clock.



REX THEATRE

Tonight - Friday Only
WALLACE BEERY IN

Casey at the Bat

The funniest picture on record

Also 2-reel Comedy

Regular Prices

SATURDAY - TOMORROW ONLY

BEN LYON IN

The Perfect Sap

Also 2-reel Comedy

Regular Prices

MATINEE SATURDAY

KIDS 10c

MONDAY NEXT

My Old Dutch

THURSDAY NEXT

CORRINNE GRIFFITH IN

Syncopating Sue

Phone 2 For Specials

SATURDAY

K. B. Plums, large 2 1/2 lb tins	2 for	45c
Shredded Wheat	2 for	25c
Lux	per pkg	10c
Shoe Polish	per tin	10c
Currants	per lb	15c
Pink Salmon	per tin	10c
Prunes	5-lb pkg	55c

The Broadway Store

Your Interest is Our Interest

PHONE 2

Specials for Saturday's Selling

Pure Strawberry Jam	68c
Pure Plum Jam	46c
Sweet Prunes 5 lb pkg	56c
Pork and Beans large cans	3 for 36c
Stelna Corned Beef	1 lb tin 27c
Glass Lemon Reamers	15c
Two Cups and two Saucers, white	25c
Cottage Pork Rolls, fresh, per lb whole	27c
Good strong 5-string Broom	54c
Libby's Prepared Mustard in glass jars	16c
3 boxes Matches	29c
Tasty Krispy Nut Bars	6 for 24c
Nut Bars all kinds	7 for 25c
Juicy Oranges per doz	25c
Golden Loaf Cheese per lb	38c
Pork Sausage	2 lbs 34c
Dollar Wood Box Sodas	64c

All kinds of fresh vegetables. Please shop early.

Bennett & Co. Ltd.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE

News Notes

With about 80 per cent of wheat seeding finished operations were held up by the heavy rain and snow storm the first part of the week.

Chas. Tittsworth returned this week from shearing sheep at Brooks. He has been engaged to shear several local flocks.

News Notes

Dave Watson was a Cardston visitor last Monday.

S. B. Card has purchased a new Chevrolet truck to be used in hauling oil and distillate.

J. C. Tittsworth and party from Raymond were visitors in town on Friday. They were fishing at Lake Newell.—Brooks Bulletin.

Pure tea of finest quality, free of dust and packed in **Aluminum.**

RED ROSE TEA

"is good tea"

RED ROSE ORANGE PEKOE is extra good.

Blue Sky Laws Badly Needed

With better times now prevailing and business expanding in all directions, work plentiful and wages good, high pressure salesmen of stock in all manner of companies are again much in evidence. Some of the propositions laid before people who have a few dollars to invest are sound enough, others are speculative to a degree, with the probability that any money invested will be lost, or, at best, will not be productive of dividends for years to come. The more glowing the prospects held out to the gaze of the investor, the greater the possibility that the investment is a decidedly risky one. In fact, not an investment at all.

Unfortunately, it is an extremely difficult matter for anybody but an expert, or those who make it their business to keep fully informed, to distinguish between the good and the bad of the stock salesmen's propositions presented to the general public. The only safe course to follow before making investment in any such stock is to consult a lawyer or some reputable financial institution. It is better to be safe than sorry.

It is furthermore unfortunate that the company laws of Canada do not provide adequate protection of the public against these professional promoters of questionable stock and so-called securities. Canada has a right to be proud of its general code of laws, but in this one respect the Dominion of Parliament has been sadly negligent of its duty in that it has not provided safeguards against the people of Canada being victimized by persons and corporations offering questionable stock as safe to an unsuspecting public.

Some provincial governments have endeavored to protect their people, but have their best efforts lately defeated because of a refusal of the Dominion authorities to supplement their efforts. As a result thousands of Canadians every year are robbed of millions of hard earned savings.

For example, some years ago the Saskatchewan legislature passed an act prohibiting the sale of stocks of any kind within the Province unless the company offering the same first submitted their proposals to the local government board and obtained the approval of that board and its consent to the stock being offered to public subscription. Canadian companies incorporated under Dominion charters challenged the right of the Province to restrict their stock selling activities, and, upon an appeal to the court, the Saskatchewan law was declared invalid in so far as companies incorporated at Ottawa are concerned. The situation, therefore, is that any company holding a provincial charter and whose stock the Saskatchewan local government board will not permit being offered for sale, has only to obtain Dominion incorporation at Ottawa to defy the Saskatchewan law and sell any kind of stock it likes, good or bad.

It will be recalled that under the same situation existed when the Province first adopted prohibitory liquor laws. The Province could not prohibit the retail sale of liquor, but they were powerless to stop its manufacture within their boundaries, and equally powerless to prevent it being brought into the province from other provinces or foreign countries, because this would be to interfere with trade and commerce which come under Federal jurisdiction. Public opinion, however, became so aroused that the Dominion authorities were forced to bow before it, with the result that the law was amended to provide that where a Province adopted prohibition it became unlawful under Dominion law to ship liquor into that Province.

There is need for a similar enactment in relation to Company Incorporation. All that is needed is a very simple amendment by the Parliament of Canada to the effect that, where any Province passes an Act prohibiting the sale of stock in any company unless the same has first been approved by Provincial authority, such law shall be applicable to a company incorporated under Dominion charter in so far as that province is concerned.

To the average citizen there would appear to be no insurmountable difficulty to the passage of such a simple and reasonable amendment. In fact, the average citizen would imagine that the Dominion Government would be just as anxious as Provincial governments to protect their people from being victimized by unscrupulous company promoters and stock salesmen. The amazing thing is that, notwithstanding pressure from Provincial governments, representation from reputable business organizations, strong editorial appeals in financial and other papers, the Ottawa Government declines to do anything, but allows a deputy minister at Ottawa to subvert all other efforts made to provide ample safeguards to protect Canadian citizens.

Representations have for some months past been made to the Provincial Government regarding the operations of one of these high pressure stock selling concerns, and protesting against what amounts to legalized robbery, but all the Provincial authorities can do is to claim that they are powerless, because the company in question operates under a Dominion charter.

And within recent weeks this very company has been shown up in reputable financial journals as having secured over \$2,000,000 from Canadian citizens, of which can be readily more than \$1,000,000 went into the pockets of a subsidiary company as "commission" for selling the stock. In fact, the parent manufacturing company has less than one dollar to show for every two dollars invested by the public. Not only so but the company has never declared a dividend, and for every dollar's worth of goods it has manufactured and sold it has lost the company has lost in making the sale. Yet this company is still being permitted to sell stock throughout Canada and is doing so to unsuspecting people on the strength of rosy promises of big dividends to come.

It is high time that a certain cabinet minister at Ottawa freed himself from the influence of a reactionary and autocratic deputy head and drafted legislation to be presented to Parliament at its next session upholding and supporting the Provinces in their efforts to put an end to this stock selling and legalized robbery, which today is a blot on the fair name of Canada.

Most men would be glad to pay a large income tax for the sake of having that kind of income.

It takes a man with a lot of brains to dispose of a gold bar.

Babies Cry For "Castoria"

Prepared Especially for Infants and Children of All Ages

Mothers! Fletcher's Castoria has been in use for over 20 years as a pleasant, harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Purgative, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrup. Contains no narcotics. Proven diarrhoeas are on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

The genuine bears signature of

W. D. Fletcher.

W. N. C. 1689

Canadian Offices in London

Offices of Immigration and Trade and Commerce May be Combined

Hon. Robert Porter, Canadian minister of Immigration, and Hon. James Mahood, minister of trade and commerce, while in England this summer, will jointly consider the feasibility of combining in one building the branch offices in Britain and on the continent of their respective departments. It is understood that such a procedure would eliminate duplication of premises and to a certain extent duplication of office staffs.

Mr. Mahood has already received intimations that the allocation of a room for advertising Canadian goods in Britain will not go very far in making a widespread appeal. It is understood that one suggestion meeting favor is that when big English stores take a large space for general advertisement, Canada should pay a proportion of the cost for whatever amount of space call attention specially to Canadian goods.

Pain In The Muscles, Stiffness In Joints,

Quickly Subdued By Nerviline

Those who have toiled out numerous failures will agree that where something is needed to dispel a deep seated, more or less chronic condition, nothing is better than Nerviline. It's because Nerviline penetrates so deeply, because it has about five times the strength of the ordinary remedy, that it has come to be known as King over all Pain, For Rheumatic conditions, muscular and joint stiffness, Nerviline works wonders. A trial jar is this. Get a 25 cent bottle from your dealer today.

Canada's Gift to Australia

Maple Trees From Vancouver Island to be Planted at Canberra

Maple trees now growing in the woods at Vancouver Island will form Canada's gift to the Australian people when they open their new nation at capital at Canberra this month.

Under plans outlined by the Canadian government, Premier Oliver is arranging for the shipment of a dozen maple trees to Australia immediately. The trees will be planted in the grounds of the Canadian Parliament Buildings.

NO MEDICINE LIKE BABY'S OWN TABLETS

For Either the Newborn Babe or the Growing Child

There is no other medicine so equal Baby's Own Tablets for little ones, whether it be for the newborn babe or the growing child. The Tablets always do good. They are absolutely free from opiates or other harmful drugs, and the mother can always feel safe in using them.

Concerning the Tablets, Mrs. John Arthur, R.R. 1, South Monaghan, Ont., says: "We have three fine, healthy children, to whom, when a medicine is needed, we have given only Baby's Own Tablets. The Tablets are the best medicine you can keep in any home where there are young children."

Baby's Own Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative which regulates the stomach and bowels, banishes constipation and hiccups, breaks up colds and simple fever and makes feeding easy. They are sold by medicine dealers or direct by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Rockville, Md.

Breaking New Land

The Dominion Government, through the Land Settlement Board, has arranged for the breaking of 50 quarter sections of land north of 50th parallel, the largest single land contract in the history of the province.

Bill: "You said I had cut the hair of a lion."

Mae: "No I didn't. I said you have."

HAD BAD SPELLS WITH HER HEART

Mrs. R. G. Hall, Bolton Centre, Que., writes: "Some time ago I had had spells with my heart which I believe was caused by nervousness. I tried everything I could think of, but could get no relief until one of my friends persuaded me to get a box of



After I had taken a few boxes I got wonderful relief.

I now weigh one hundred and thirty-five pounds where, before, I never went over ninety."

Price 50c. a box at all druggists or dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Chinese First Paper Makers

Learned Method by Watching Wasp Says Old Legend

According to an old legend, the Chinese first learned to make paper by watching the wasp build her nest. A Chinaman, watching the wasp one day, discovered that she took a bit of wood, chewed it into paste, and sundered it on her nest. When the paste became dry it turned into something like the present day paper. Thus the Chinese learned to make paper from wood long before any other people in the world.

The good old Smith family seems to be disappearing in Washington. A new city directory just out shows only 3,509. There were 3,809 in the directory published a year ago.

First Aviator: "Jayfyer!"

Second Aviator: "Aw, go. Into a nose dive, ya damned air hop!"

Never fool with a fool, he might fool you.

Minard's Liniment for dandruff.



Survey of Hudson Strait

Objection Is Taken to the Term "Arctic" in Describing Conditions

President J. A. Steneman, of the Saskatchewan section, United Farmers of Canada, protests against the Canadian Press dispatch of April 28, regarding the air survey of Hudson strait, on the ground that it describes the conditions of the strait as Arctic for most of the year.

In reply, J. E. B. Livesay, general manager of the Canadian Press, expresses sorrow if the dispatch can be construed in the sense complained of. Explaining that the use of the term "Arctic" in reference to weather conditions is not considered in the strait, is used more in descriptive than a geographical sense. But the expression itself, he says, has the sanction of the authorities, for Arctic winter and the Arctic zone are not necessarily confined to the Arctic circle.

In conclusion, Mr. Livesay says: "The object of the expedition is to report more fully than has been done hitherto on the period of navigability of Hudson strait, and on those of us, in eastern and western Canada, who have faith in the Hudson Bay route, will look forward enthusiastically to very encouraging results which, however, will not be attained on the winter months without exposure to pretty rigorous climatic conditions."

Praises this Asthma Remedy. A grateful user of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy finds it the only remedy that will give relief, though he has tried many others. He had suffered for fifteen years of needless suffering and he was prevented by using this wonderful remedy in the first warning of trouble. Its use is simple, its effect is slight, and it can be purchased almost anywhere.

A Puzzle for Scientists

Life Cannot Be Defined Says Professor of London University

That a living organism is not to be differentiated from a non-living substance so readily as is commonly supposed was demonstrated by Professor J. C. Drummond, of the biochemistry department of the London University, in a lecture on "Biochemical Aspects of the Nature of Life." The point he made was that differences in living organisms appeared to be traceable ultimately to differences in the proteins in the constitution of their cells, and that this might give a mechanistic aspect to many biological problems passing into the field of chemistry. Professor Drummond said one could not define "life," because we were but beginning to recognize that only the roughest differentiation could be made between the living and the non-living.

If they attempted to judge which phenomena were characteristic of the living and which were typical of the dead systems, they found that such characteristics as assimilation, respiration, growth, reproduction, irritability and movement were, collectively, typical of the living, and offered a rough and ready method of differentiation, though none of these characteristics might be shown by non-living systems.

Worms cause constipation and rid the infant of sleep, the great nourisher, Mother Graven Worm Extract will clear the stomach and bowels and restore healthfulness.

Canadian Tobacco Abroad

Canada Sending Large Shipments to Great Britain

Canada is sending increasing supplies of tobacco to the West of England, according to the Trade Commissioner at Bristol. One organization has built a factory in Ontario, have their own buyers, and are packing the best Canadian tobacco, to suit the English trade. Consumers in England are getting used to Canadian tobacco and with the Empire preferential duty, which amounts to 18 cents per pound less than the duty on foreign tobacco, increased quantities of Canadian tobacco will find their way to the United Kingdom.

When you hear a married man say that he hasn't made up his mind about a thing he means he has not asked his wife about it.

For all pain—Minard's Liniment.

Governor of Rotary

T. A. Torgeson, of Estevan, Is Elected District Governor

T. A. Torgeson, of Estevan, Sask., was declared elected as district governor for the coming year at the close of the first session at the fourth district of Rotary convention at Winnipeg. One thousand persons were in attendance.

Sounding the note of high idealism which characterized the objects of Rotary, past international president D. A. Adams, appealed for the embodiment of these ideals in the life of every Rotarian, in a stirring address.

The governor's report showed Red Deer, Alberta, to have won the George Rocke trophy for attendance during the year, while Prince Albert club won the Osborne trophy for the largest percentage increase in attendance.

MacMillan Going North Again

Will Lead Expedition Into Arctic Later Part of June

Setting sail from Winnipeg, Manitoba, June 28, Commander Donald B. MacMillan, Arctic explorer, will lead a new expedition into the far north to spend 15 months exploring and studying uncharted Arctic wastes, the Field Museum of Natural History, sponsoring the expedition, has announced.

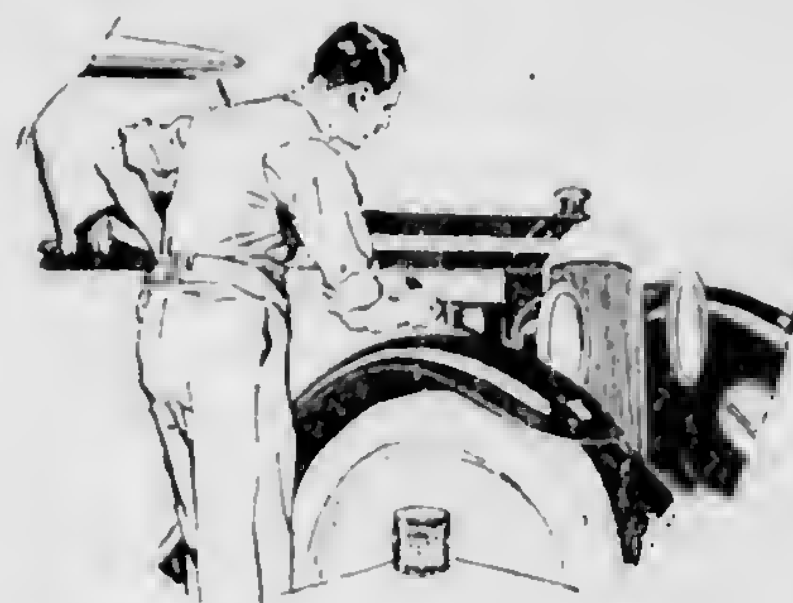
A race still flying in primitive state and virtually unknown to science except as Eskimo Indians, who he caught and studied; the last all mountains of Baffin Land, a region of creatures or evidences believed to have lived there thousands of years ago, and the remnant of the last great ice sheet which in a past geological age swept down across part of North America, will be explored and studied.

University Women's Prize

Miss Phyllis Gregory, of Vancouver, B.C., was announced recently at the meeting of the Toronto University Women's club, as the winner of the 1927 scholarship of the University Women's club of the Dominion. The scholarship will provide Miss Gregory with a course at the University of London, London, England.

Although the man who marries a widow seldom says anything about his wife's first husband, there are times when he wishes he was still alive.

All that comes to him who waits is a request to move on.



Make it new with DUCO

THE PUBLIC have been quick to appreciate the many advantages of Brush DUCO, and today hundreds of cars are being re-finished right at home.

You will be amazed at the ease with which DUCO can be brushed on your car and you will be proud of the work when it is finished.

We have issued an instruction folder which you can obtain from any DUCO dealer and it is advisable to read this carefully. You can't go wrong if you follow the simple instructions.

If the surface of your car is checked or cracked, give it a coat of Flint Auto and Metal Surfer before applying Brush DUCO.

Good dealers everywhere can supply you with Brush DUCO, DUCO Thinner, DUCO Polish No. 7, and Flint Auto and Metal Surfer.

Look for this sign Duco applied to



if you want Spray your car by experts

There is only ONE Duco—DUPONT Duco

Made in Canada solely by

FLINT PAINT & VARNISH LIMITED

Halifax Montreal Toronto Sudbury Winnipeg Vancouver

Hudson's Straits Air Survey To Undertake Hazardous Work In Northern Waters This Summer

The Hudson's Straits air survey expedition will set out from Halifax on board the Canadian government ship Stanley, early in July, according to information from Ottawa.

For the following fifteen months the Royal Canadian Air Force detachment will be engaged upon one of the most intensive and hazardous flying jobs ever undertaken in the North. It is stated, The flights across the Pole were brilliant feats, but they were in the nature of short dashes, involving some hours of endurance, but the Royal Canadian Air Force work will require fifteen months of day to day flying under all kinds of Arctic weather conditions for the purpose of observing fog and ice conditions.

During the early summer six Fokker seaplanes will be put through severe tests and conditioned for the work in the North. Nearly fifty officers and men under Flight Lieutenant Lawrence will be engaged on the work.

The planes, along with a vast amount of material including all food and clothing, fuel and building materials, will be packed on board the Stanley. The expedition will be broken into three detachments upon the arrival at the straits. One detachment with twelve officers and men and two planes will be established on Nottingham Island, which is in the centre of the western end of the straits. Another detachment with a similar establishment will operate from Port Burwell, on the northern tip of Labrador, while the headquarters station will be at Lake Harbor, on Baffin Island, about halfway through the straits.

Powerful wireless equipment will be taken north and it is expected that the expedition will be in almost daily touch with the Air Force headquarters in Ottawa.

The navigation part of the survey will be under the direction of the Department of Marine and Fisheries and it is quite possible that Alex Johnston, deputy minister of the department, may go north on board the Stanley in July. The Stanley, which is now being reconitioned, will not stay in the straits throughout the winter, but will return south late in the summer.

Parliament at the last session approved a vote of \$800,000 for the survey, but unofficial estimates put the total cost at nearer a million dollars. It is pointed out, however, that at the conclusion of the work there will be a substantial salvage: the Air Force will have the seaplanes and the Department of Marine will have the reconitioned Stanley, which has been out of use for some time past.

The Air Force report will be made to the Government and upon the results of its findings of ice and fog conditions in the strait depends much of the future possibilities of the Hudson's Bay Railway. At the other end of the Hudson's Bay route there will also be flying activities this summer. A private flying company has been taking in men and equipment from the present end of steel to Port Nelson and Port Churchill and before the end of the summer Hon. Charles A. Dunning may look over the terminal possibilities himself by seaplane.

The Air Force expedition is quite separate from the annual trip of the Northwest Territories officials. This voyage will be carried on as usual, taking mounted police and scientists in and out of the Arctic.

A High Birth Rate

Canada Leads All the White Races of the World

Canada's birth rate leads all the white races of the world, being 23.1 to the 1,000. Saskatchewan's rate is even higher, being 24.7 per 1,000. New Brunswick alone surpasses Saskatchewan with a rate of 27.1. Saskatchewan also enjoys the distinction of the lowest death rate among the provinces, and, in fact, in the world, the figure being 6.8 per 1,000 of the population. Next to Saskatchewan is New Zealand with 8.3 per 1,000.

"Why is it that you have broken off your engagement, Alice?" asked her fair friend. "Oh, my dear! He told me he was connected with the movies, and the very next day I saw him driving a furniture van."

The will, recently probated, of a Massachusetts man was written by hand on a strip of paper measuring seven feet, the writing filling all but three inches of the document.

W. N. U. 1689

Advice for Airmen

Remarkable Instructions Issued by British Air Ministry to Pilots in Training

"Chew gum and click your ears!" These are two remarkable pieces of advice contained in the latest instruction manual issued by the British Air Ministry to pilots in training. It appears that flying at high altitudes causes a different pressure on the outer and inner eardrums, and constant swallowing is necessary in order to equalize it. Chewing gum helps to keep the muscles of the head active in this way. Pain, temporary deafness, and other ailments caused by the unequal pressure can be cured by "clicking" the ears. This strange feat is performed by plucking the nostrils and breathing outwards.

Registered Seed Grains

Saskatchewan Seed Pool Reports Doing a Big Business

The business of the Saskatchewan Seed Pool is reported more than double that of last year. There has been a particularly big increase in the call for forage crop seeds, while the demand for seed oats shows a larger increase than the call for seed wheat. Ample offerings in all lines of registered seed grains are on hand at the cleaning plants, taxing the present facilities to the utmost.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union

Fashion



The Two-piece Frock is More Important Than Ever

This season the two-piece frock rules over a wider domain than ever, and in many ways, the hours of its reign extend from morning to evening. Therefore, it must be practical, yet combine as well, a semi-formal charm for leisurely events. The model pictured here is a typical example of a sports costume that is smartly correct for either a morning of shopping, or an afternoon of bridge. The blouse slips on over the head and has a collar that may be worn buttoned high or turned back as illustrated. The front of the blouse has gathered at each shoulder and two patch pockets for adornment, the back being quite plain. The long satin sleeves are gathered into tailored cuffs fastening with links. The string belt is a new detail and provides a soft bloused effect at the hip-line. Fullness in the skirt is attained by two box-plaits in the front. The Blouse, No. 1347, is in sizes 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust. Size 36 requires 2 1/2 yards 36-inch figured material; 1/2 yard plain. The skirt, No. 1341, is suited to a body lining, and is in sizes 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust. Size 36 requires 1 1/2 yards 36-inch material; body lining 1 yard. Price 20 cents each pattern.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical styles, will be of interest to every home dressmaker. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg.

Pattern No. Size.
.....
.....
Name
Town

Raw Fur Production

Total Market Value of Pelts Taken by Trappers Reaches High Figure

To the value of \$1,500,000, the Canadian Fur Auction Sales, Ltd., sold a wide variety of pelts in the recent five days' session at Montreal. "One of the best sales weeks we have ever staged," according to F. H. Pingree, general manager. Silver fox skins to the number of 2,600 were auctioned, the top price being \$415.

The total value of the raw fur production of Canada for the season 1925-6 was \$11,965,588, compared with \$15,111,561 for that of 1924-5, and \$15,613,817 in 1923-4. These figures represent the total market value of the pelts of fur-bearing animals taken in Canada by trappers or on ranches. In the order of importance, muskrat comes first with 1,953,645 pelts at \$3,011,175, followed by beaver with 111,707 pelts valued at \$2,208,855. Next came mink, red fox, white fox and silver fox.

Alfalfa Seed For Denmark

Two Carloads of Seed From Alberta Shipped to Denmark Growers

The sale of Grimm's alfalfa seed, grown in the Brooks district, and shipped to Denmark is claimed as another "feather" in Alberta's cap. For some time past, experiments have been carried on in Denmark with this particular seed. So successful have these been, that the Danish growers purchased two carloads. The Danish growers would have taken twice that amount had it been available, but owing to United States growers placing large orders, the local seedmen have not been able to keep up with the demand. Growers of Grimm alfalfa seed have been paid \$10 an acre clear for their product.

B.C. Has Advantage in Dairying

Stock Can be Pastured Practically All of the Year

The prediction has been made by Dr. G. C. Creechman, former president of the Ontario Agricultural College, that British Columbia will become the greatest dairying district of Canada. This is the conclusion he has made from a study of conditions on the Pacific Coast. One great advantage is that dairy stock can be pastured practically the whole of the year, whereas in Ontario they had to be fed six months in the year and 60 per cent of the produce of a 100-acre dairy farm with an average amount of stock had to be used for feed.

Will Deliver Official Welcome

Premier W. L. Mackenzie King will deliver the official welcome on the behalf of the Dominion of Canada to the delegates to the World's Poultry Congress on the opening date, July 27.

Sally—"No, I never would be happy if I married you. You know I always want my own way."

Ted—"Well, you can go right on wanting it after we're married."

A man often loses lots of money experimenting with schemes to make money without work.



First Refugee from Chinese War

Mrs. Melvin Southwick, of Harrison, N.Y., returned to New York, April 12th, aboard the world-cruising Canadian Pacific flag-ship Empress of Scotland, with her infant daughter (then 12 weeks old), who was born in Hankow, China, a few days before the inhabitants were ordered to evacuate. She went to Shanghai and thence to Kobe, Japan, where she embarked on the Empress of Scotland. Her husband is still in Hankow, acting as representative of the Standard Oil Company there. She was met by her mother, Mrs. Freda Becker, when the Empress docked. Mrs. Southwick looks none the worse for her adventure, but that may be due to the kindness of the passengers on the C.P.R. vessel's world trip, who couldn't do too much for her and for whom her dramatic escape and presence on the ship added a final thrill to the many they had experienced on their globe-circling journey. As for Miss Southwick, she wasn't interested either in the Chinese or her numerous adventures.

German Firm Insures Against Bad Weather

Quite in Keeping With Progressive Spirit of Age

For many years we have been used to hearing of odd guarantees undertaken at Lloyd's in the form of insurance against all sorts of risks in almost every conceivable manner and under the most weird conditions. It has remained for the German Insurance companies to undertake a general weather policy. The advantages of this ought to be obvious to the most obtuse mind. For instance, suppose you have arranged to take your holidays in the first half of August, and instead of sunny skies and balmy air, you have lowering clouds and continuous rainfall. What a comfort it would be to notify your insurance company and quietly await the arrival of their cheque "in full settlement of claim on account of inclement weather."

According to this German system, you can take out a policy for any number of days in the whole year, so there is no difficulty about safeguarding yourself. How the matter will work out if racing men begin insuring themselves against turf losses through weather risks it is not so easy to determine, but doubtless methods will be found to protect the insurance companies from any misinterpretation. The principle of insurance against weather reverses seems a sound one, quite in keeping with the progressive spirit of the age.

Growing Desire for Beauty

Ninety-nine Thousand Rose Trees Purchased Last Year

Each successive year sees a considerable contribution made to the general beautification of Canada. Evidence of this is disclosed in a recent report issued by the Canadian Government Bureau of Statistics, which states that ninety-nine thousand rose trees were purchased last year from wholesale growers in the Dominion.

Nine hundred thousand other ornamental trees and shrubs were bought from Canadian growers to be planted about the houses. Home-makers bought half a million plants, and many thousands of bulbs, and of the dozen varieties of cut flowers raised by florists, the flower-loving public took fifteen million plants, paying over a million and a quarter dollars for them.

These figures do not include important plants and flowers, nor those raised by amateur gardeners, a vast lot greater showing. The figures are simply those of the wholesale trade, which received over a million and a half dollars from the retailers and direct purchasers.

This was the first year of the inquiry, and there are hundreds of nurserymen who made no returns.

Statistics show that nearly all motor accidents occur at weekends. Monday was once wash-day. Now it is the day when mother sees whether all her family have survived the weekend.

"That, my boy," said the forger of coins to his son as they passed the Mint, "is our principal competitor."

Western Inland Fisheries Have Been Developed More Highly Than In Any Part of the World

Alberta Forage Crop Cars

Forage Crop and Poultry Cars Convey Information to Farmers

The forage crop and poultry cars which were operated in Alberta by the Canadian National Railways in conjunction with the Alberta department of agriculture have concluded their itinerary. Twenty places were visited and the movement was confined to districts in which the Western wheat-stem sawfly is now ravaging or in which the fertility of the soil, due to continuous grain growing, is rapidly becoming depleted. Where soil impoverishment is found, the inclusion of forage crops in the farming rotation will add fibre and increase the soil content of available plant food, and as sweet clover and the broad leaved forage crops are immune from attacks of wheat-stem sawfly, the growing of such crops will play an active part in controlling and eliminating this pest.

The total attendance was 1656 or an average of 82.8 persons per meeting. Forage crop seeds amounting to 6,559 lbs., valued at \$951.10 were sold, comprised of corn, 125 lbs., grasses, 2,810 lbs., sweet clover, 2,915 lbs., and alfalfa 406 lbs. At each point lectures on the value of forage crops in the farm rotation and their relation to the keeping of live stock were delivered by James Murray of the Alberta department of agriculture. Interest was keen and many questions on cultural methods were asked.

A lecturer on poultry gave talks on the fundamental principles necessary for the successful care and management of the farm flock. Much interest was shown by farmers in this phase of farming, which indicates they are rapidly becoming appreciative of the value of including side lines in their farming activities. Many farmers took the opportunity of commissioning the poultry lecturer to secure supplies of hatching eggs and day old chicks.

"Carat" as Applied to Gold

Refers to Purity or Quality and Not Actual Weight

"Carat" is a corruption of a word that used to stand for a particular sort of tiny seed. As these seeds were always exactly the same size, they became a recognized standard of weight for such small articles as jewellery and precious stones. In the weighing of gold, 24 of these carats went to one special coin, now long obsolete.

Today the term carat has nothing to do with the actual weight of gold, but refers to its purity or quality only. If itself gold is too soft for common use, and has therefore generally to be mixed with some other metal, and when we speak of "22 carat" gold we mean that out of 24 parts of it 22 are really gold. As a matter of fact, even this alloy of 2 parts in 24, or one-twelfth, of harder metal is barely sufficient, and except for wedding rings, 22-carat is seldom used, 18, 15 or even 12-carat being far more common.

De Luxe Airplanes On London-Paris Route

Machines Are Capable of Carrying Twenty Passengers Each

Airplanes with buffets, bars and other luxuries have been put on the London-Paris service by the Imperial Airways. Planes will leave each city at noon daily and the line will be known as the Silver Wing Service. As there are no regulations for licensing airplane restaurants or bars the company will be able to sell food and drink aerially without a license. Each plane will carry a steward.

Three-engined Argosy machines capable of carrying twenty passengers each, will be used in the new service.

The company has decided henceforth to name all planes after cities. For some time planes named the City of New York and the City of Washington have been flying between capitals.

The old-fashioned man who used to put his fourteen-year-old son on the train for a twenty-mile journey and tell the conductor to take care of him now has a grandson of the same age who can drive the distance in twenty-three minutes.

A man without a single idea is less of a bore than a man with only one idea.

It takes more than idle men to make a fashionable tailor.

Nowhere in the world have inland fisheries been developed as they have been in Canada. Apart from Canada's share in the Great Lakes fisheries which are valued commercially at some \$5,000,000 annually, there are tremendous bodies of fresh water literally teeming with fish of the highly edible qualities.

In all the three Prairie Provinces, numerous lakes and rivers, covering nearly 31,000 square miles in area, abound in valuable food fishes. Whitefish, the most abundant species, is unequaled in quality and is in great demand, while pickerel, tullibee, lake trout, pike, goldeyes and sturgeon, with its attendant product caviar, also find a ready market. Other varieties include perch, mullet, catfish and fling. Whitefish weighing over four pounds each, dressed, are known as "jumbos" and bring the best returns. Dealers paid the following prices for the summer catch of 1926, on the basis of dressed fish at the point of shipment, -- jumbos, ten to fourteen cents per pound, and whitefish weighing less than four pounds each, from six to ten cents per pound.

Commercial fishing is for the most part carried on in the winter season, when the chilled or frozen fish may be shipped to distant points. This winter catch is marketed in the Canadian interior and adjoining American states. A large demand has been created in Chicago and numerous other middle western cities, where occasional shipments have been made to such distant points as Montreal and New York. Some summer fishing also takes place, the catch being marketed in the nearby towns.

The value of the fisheries from the so-called prairie provinces according to the latest official returns is \$2,365,000 annually although if the value of fish caught for domestic and sport angler's use could be estimated, and added the total would doubtless be very much higher. The importance of the fish supply to native life in isolated northern districts is indeed beyond monetary value.

Some of the greatest lakes in the continent -- Reindeer, Athabasca, Great Slave, Great Bear--and hundreds of other important but smaller bodies of water are still beyond reach of commercial exploitation through lack of transportation facilities.

During the past couple of years, according to information issued by the Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior, there has been introduced into this inland fishing industry, a new branch of unusual economic importance, namely, the filling of pike. Heretofore this kind of fish had no market value, but it has been found that fillets of pike, neatly packed in wooden boxes and shipped fresh on ice or freshly frozen, can be readily disposed of now in the markets which handle the whitefish.

Though the pike is a coarse fish and somewhat unattractive in appearance it has a good, wholesome food value, and when the edible portions are separated from the skin, bones and other waste, they can be shipped and sold to advantage. In fact this is the most economical manner of shipping many species of fish and the ready-for-cooking form in which the product is thus displayed in retail shops appeals favorably to the ultimate consumer. Experiencing fish dealers in some eastern section are now advertising their products in this form almost exclusively.

The introduction of this branch of the fishing industry to Western Canadian waters is proving of dual value. It not only enlarges the market range of the fisherman, enabling him to dispose of a product formerly valueless, but it encourages the capture of a destructive fish whose voracious habits make it a source of great havoc among the more highly prized white fish, pickerel and other species. This filling of pike is now being successfully prosecuted as far north as Lesser Slave lake where a plant is in operation.

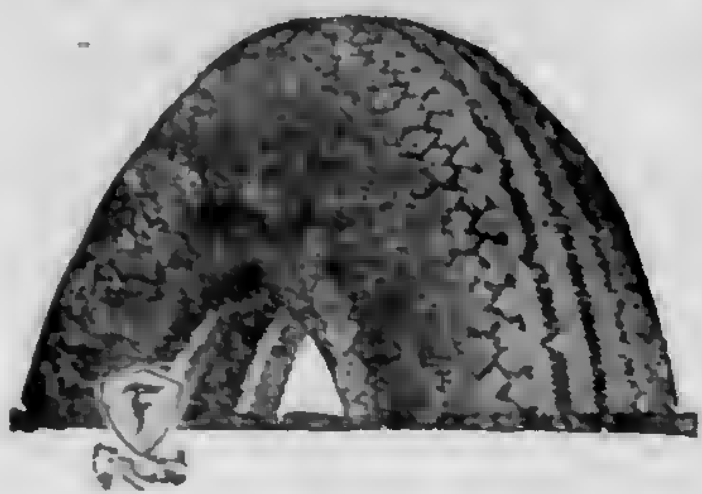
Americans Buy London Clothes

"Many American visitors regard their hotels as clearing depots for old clothes," said an official of a leading hotel, London being regarded as the world centre of masculine fashions, the visitors take opportunity while there to catch up on style. Some patrons have left as many as ten suits behind them.

Post Office Clerk—You've put two cents too much postage on this letter.

Old Lady—Oh, dear, I only hope it won't go too far.

Leaders Of Them All!



The highest expression of Firestone quality and value is the Full-Size, Gum-Dipped Balloon. This pioneer among Balloon tires—and the leader proved by performance—was made possible by Gum-Dipping. Firestone's extra process for strengthening the walls to endure the extra flexing strain.

Learn from your Firestone dealer the many advantages of Gum-Dipping—the added comfort, dependability and greater economy.

FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO.
CANADA LIMITED
Winnipeg, Ont.

MOST MILES PER DOLLAR

Firestone

Firestone Balloons are the Only Gum Dipped Tires

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The world's news in brief, covering the most important events of the week.

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How Should I Wean My Baby?

The first step in weaning a baby is to stop feeding him milk. This can be done by gradually reducing the amount of milk he gets until he is used to eating solid food. It is important to do this gradually to avoid upsetting the baby's stomach.

Next, introduce the baby to solid food. Start with simple foods like rice, cereal, and fruit. Gradually increase the amount of solid food until the baby is eating mostly solid food. It is important to watch the baby's reaction to the new food and adjust accordingly.

Finally, stop feeding the baby milk. This can be done by gradually reducing the amount of milk he gets until he is used to eating solid food. It is important to do this gradually to avoid upsetting the baby's stomach.

A Memorial Window

To Be Erected in Winnipeg in Remembrance of Major General L. L. Lippett

A memorial window is to be erected in the Winnipeg City Hall in remembrance of Major General L. L. Lippett, who died in 1918. The window will be a tribute to his military service and his contributions to the city.

The window will be a tribute to his military service and his contributions to the city. It will be a permanent reminder of his achievements and the respect he earned from his fellow citizens.

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SEEKS LARGE LAND TRACT



Mr. J. H. L. Lippett, a prominent Winnipeg businessman, is seeking a large land tract in the western part of the province. He is looking for a tract of at least 10,000 acres, suitable for agricultural development. He has offered a reward of \$10,000 for information leading to the discovery of such a tract.

Italian Arrested For Selling White Bread

Law Imposed by Mussolini Forbids Any But "Economy Loaf"

A man was arrested in Rome for selling white bread, which is prohibited by the Italian government's "Economy Loaf" law. The law requires that all bread sold in Italy be made from a mixture of different grains, including wheat and rye, to conserve resources during the war.

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Motor Drivers in Britain

One in Twenty of Inhabitants is a Motorist

It is estimated that one in twenty of the population of Britain is a motorist. This reflects the rapid growth of the automobile industry in the country during the early 20th century.

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"Talk about water off a duck's back!—Just look at our shoes, even after fifteen minutes in this downpour! There's certainly nothing quite like 'Nugget'!"

"NUGGET" SHOE POLISH

There's a "Nugget" shoe for every shoe made.

APARTMENT BLOCK FOR SALE

ATTRACTIVE INVESTMENT PROPOSITION

The undersigned has for sale a most attractive, well rented, centrally located Apartment Block in Winnipeg, yielding a handsome return to the owner or investor who could give the property his personal care and attention. One with ordinary ability in handling real estate and capable of doing his own repairs, would enjoy his own apartment suite in a fine rental, and the maximum profit out of the proposition we have to submit. \$10,000 to \$15,000 needed to handle the deal.

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SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

MAY 15

PETER AT PENTECOST

Golden Text: "Repent ye, and be baptized every one of you in the name of Jesus Christ into the remission of your sins; and ye shall receive the gift of the Holy Spirit." Acts 2:38.

Lesson: Acts 2.
Devotional Reading: Philippians 2:11.

Explanations and Comments.

1. The coming of the Holy Spirit at Pentecost, verses 1-4. Before this time, the Holy Spirit had been given to the apostles, but now He came upon all the believers. This was a great sign of God's power and the beginning of the church's mission to the world.

2. Peter's sermon, verses 5-13. Peter preached to the crowd about the death and resurrection of Jesus Christ. He told them that they must repent and be baptized to receive the forgiveness of their sins. His sermon was so powerful that many people believed and were baptized.

3. The baptism of the 3,000, verses 14-17. About 3,000 people were baptized that day. This was a great triumph for the church and a sign of the power of the Holy Spirit.

4. The appointment of the seven, verses 18-21. The apostles appointed seven men to help them in their work. These men were chosen because they were full of the Holy Spirit and had good reputations.

5. The prayer of the seven, verses 22-24. The seven men prayed for the church and for the world. They asked God to send more workers and to give the church the power to overcome all its enemies.

6. The growth of the church, verses 25-28. The church grew rapidly, and many people were added to its ranks. This was a great sign of God's blessing on the church.

7. The mission of the church, verses 29-31. The church was given the mission to preach the gospel to all people. This was a great responsibility, and the church was to be faithful to this mission.

8. The power of the Holy Spirit, verses 32-34. The Holy Spirit was the source of the church's power and its ability to overcome all its enemies. The church was to be filled with the Holy Spirit and to live in His love and power.

9. The love of the church, verses 35-37. The church was to be a community of love and fellowship. The members were to love one another and to share their lives with each other.

10. The witness of the church, verses 38-40. The church was to be a witness to the world of the love and power of God. The members were to live their lives in a way that would glorify God and bring glory to His name.

11. The triumph of the church, verses 41-43. The church was to triumph over all its enemies and to bring glory to God. The members were to live their lives in a way that would bring glory to God and bring glory to His name.

12. The eternal life of the church, verses 44-46. The church was to live forever in the presence of God. The members were to live their lives in a way that would bring glory to God and bring glory to His name.

13. The glory of the church, verses 47-49. The church was to be a source of glory to God. The members were to live their lives in a way that would bring glory to God and bring glory to His name.

14. The power of the church, verses 50-52. The church was to be a source of power to the world. The members were to live their lives in a way that would bring glory to God and bring glory to His name.

15. The love of the church, verses 53-55. The church was to be a community of love and fellowship. The members were to love one another and to share their lives with each other.

16. The witness of the church, verses 56-58. The church was to be a witness to the world of the love and power of God. The members were to live their lives in a way that would glorify God and bring glory to His name.

17. The triumph of the church, verses 59-61. The church was to triumph over all its enemies and to bring glory to God. The members were to live their lives in a way that would bring glory to God and bring glory to His name.

BAD BREATH?

Don't offend your friends. Get at the cause—sweeten the stomach and make bowels active with Chamberlain's Tablets For Stomach and Liver—25c

Girls Working on Airship

Biggest Machine Is Being Built for British Government

Three hundred women are working on the new giant airship for the British Government, which will, it is expected, be the largest in the world when completed. The airship will have a length of 700 feet and a diameter of 120 feet.

Its capacity will be more than 1,000,000 cubic feet, and its maximum speed 70 miles per hour. There will be accommodations for 125 passengers.

Women are employed to build from the airship. The experts are working on the airship and are making it a great success.

Indians Want Franchise Extended. The Indians want the franchise extended for another year. They want to be able to vote in the general elections.

1,000 Registered Beekeepers. There are now 1,000 registered beekeepers in the province. They are working hard to improve the honey industry.

Seventy-five new cars. Seventy-five new cars have been sold in the city. This is a great sign of the growth of the automobile industry.

Contend Aerials On Schools Are Dangerous. The schools are dangerous because of the aerials. The children are in danger of being hit by the aerials.

Paris Authorities Instruct Directors to Have Them Removed. The Paris authorities have instructed the directors to have the aerials removed from the schools.

Future of Vancouver Port. The future of the Vancouver port is uncertain. It is expected that the port will be expanded in the near future.

Much Activity Shown In Organizing Customs Preventive Service

W. N. 1° 1680

Not Allies

Nothing But Close Friendship Between Britain and United States

Formal addresses have now been made by the British Ambassador to the United States and by the American Ambassador to Great Britain—almost identical in tone—representing strongly the suggestion that there should be a British-American alliance.

Both Ambassadors dwell with emphasis upon the great wisdom and priceless worth of the closest possible friendship between these two nations. Their ideas and their moral standards are at least as similar as their language. To neither can war bring anything but devastating loss, and to both peace is a paramount interest. An intimate and permanent mutual understanding is the best insurance that either can have against danger and the firmest guarantee of world peace that can be given to humanity today.

But an alliance would be regarded by the rest of the nations more as a challenge than as a guarantee of peace. They would be very likely to regard it as an effort to impose an English-speaking hegemony on the human race. There would be the two most powerful political entities in the world linked together in a formal military and naval alliance, and saying to all and sundry that this tremendous power, actual and potential, was ever ready to be mobilized behind Anglo-American policies.

Inevitably, it would set all other races and peoples by the ears. It would seem to be the latest rendering of the Pan-German idea—a megalomaniac dream which had a lot to do with precipitating the late war. Bismarck told his royal master that he should walk softly after 1870, because "Europe would never stand any rock of the walk business." And he was right. It was the German challenge, embodied in the heart of Europe, which drove France and Russia together and finally brought Britain into the same orbit. Pan-Anglo-Saxonism must never make the same mistake. *Montreal Star.*

Shoes of First Century

Leather Soles With Low Heel Unearthed in England

Leather sole of shoes belonging to the Roman women of Londinium in the first century A.D. were among the interesting discoveries at Pounders Court, Lambury, E.C., recently, where excavations are proceeding on the banks of the River Wallbrook near the Bank of England.

Small and pointed as any modern shoe, these leather fragments, embedded in the mud of the old Wallbrook, have survived the ravages of time to show that the Roman girl was as proud of her footgear as is her modern sister.

Three such shoes have been found and none of them is worn in the slightest degree, apparently indicating that the owner had discarded them as out of fashion.

The high heel had not yet made its appearance, for one of the women's shoes had a low heel, something like a rubber one, still fastened to the leather.

Old Turtle Found

Was Tagged 37 Years Ago in Marsh Near Hamilton Ontario

The Dundas marsh near Hamilton, Ontario, has yielded another curious relic in the form of a large turtle which bore on its shell a small copper plate, which showed the tortoise had been caught in 1890 by M. Franks, Burlington street, and again released. From what can be learned the turtle was quite small when Mr. Franks caught it 37 years ago. It is now two feet long and sixteen inches across the wide part of its back. It was caught this last time by Bert Duckworth, who lives on the shore of the marsh.

Should Know Better

The singer who attended an audition held by the pantomime producer had a good tone, but dropped all her aspirates.

"Quite a good voice," said the producer, "but really, I should like to hear an alto or two."

"If you knew anything about music," said the contemptuous reply, "you'd know there's nothing higher than G."

Stout theatrical person (engaging room). "Windows a bit small. Wouldn't be much use to me in an emergency." Landlady:—"There ain't going to be any rich emergency. My terms for actors is weekly in advance."

The most intricate step, and the one requiring the most lively outside, is known as footing the bills.

W. N. U. 1680

Getting Rid of Weeds

The Different Methods Followed for Eradication

The prevalence of weeds is a great drawback to farmers throughout the country. They rob the soil of plant food and of moisture, thus increasing the effects of drought by taking up water from the soil and wasting it by evaporation. Being harder and, as a rule more prolific than the useful plants, they crowd them out. They increase the cost of every farm operation and cause depreciation in the market value of crops, and their eradication is costly in labor, time and machinery. It therefore behooves every farmer to get as much knowledge as he can of the nature of the weeds with which he has to contend, the ways in which they are spread, and how to protect himself against them. All this information may be found in a bulletin of the Dominion Department of Agriculture on "Weeds and Weeds Seeds," distributed by the Publications Branch of the Department, Ottawa. The bulletin tells how weeds are introduced on the farms with grass, clover and other commercial seeds and feeding stuffs, and how they are spread from district to district by railways and other means of transportation, by stable manure, and threshing machine chaff, and how they are disseminated in many other ways. Of the different methods of eradication when once the weeds are established, summer-fallowing has proved to be the most generally satisfactory, but the amount and nature of the cultivation of a summer-fallow depends on the habits of the particular weeds, the kind of soil, and climate conditions. Using fertilized crops may be substituted for summer-fallow under favorable conditions, and systematic rotations requiring thorough cultivation are profitable methods of control. Seeding to grass for hay and pasture is often a useful method of getting rid of weeds, especially annuals.

A Bit of Canada in England

Lady Byng Grows Canadian Flowers on Her English Estate

Over 1,500 different Canadian plants and shrubs have been planted at Thorpe Hall, near Clacton-on-Sea, where the ex-Governor-General of Canada, Viscount Byng, resides with Lady Byng. Since their return to Thorpe, Lady Byng has made wonderful changes in the grounds in front of the house. She is an enthusiastic gardener, and a "Daily News" representative found her busy in the grounds.

There is a large lake, where various Canadian water fowl are rapidly making themselves at home. Not far away a noisy waterfall feeds two smaller lakes, and steppingstones, little islands and natural haunts make up a beautiful picture. Everywhere there are strange and peculiar plants, some taken from the Canadian prairies and dropped into quiet Essex soil; some sent by Canadian friends, and many brought by Lady Byng herself from Canada.

The much-talked-about swamp frogs have not arrived yet. They are coming from Ontario, and a new swampy place of ground awaits their arrival.

Walking among the trees one constantly sees nesting boxes conveniently placed.

Declares Story a Myth

London's Lord Mayor Says Whittington's Cat Never Existed

History won't vouch for a cat that has charmed children for centuries. Sir Rowland Hodes, lord mayor of London, shocked traditionalists by announcing in a speech. The cat, which is supposed to have brought his predecessor, Sir Richard Whittington, fame and fortune, never existed, Hodes declared.

The lord mayor said he had been searching the records and had failed to find any contemporary reference to the cat. The story of Dick Whittington's cat he added, has been traced to an Austrian source, two centuries later and truth must prevail over sentiment.

"How did the Smith wedding come off?" "Fine until the preacher asked the bride if she'd obey her husband." "What happened then?" "She replied, 'Do you think I'm crazy?' and the groom, who was in a sort of daze, replied, 'I do.'"

Jerry:—"You have heard of the fight between David and Goliath?"

Mae:—"I don't read the sport page, but if it's some more scandal let's hear."

The Jefferson Bible is a work of 46 pages compiled by Thomas Jefferson of passages from the four Gospels cut out and pasted together in a single story.

Canadian Sheep Exports

Breeders Are Reaping Reward of Raising Prize-Winners

Partly as a result of Canadian sheep exhibitors winning more than eighty per cent. of the championships, reserve championship and first prizes for sheep at the International Live Stock Exposition at Chicago in the last few years, breeders of pure bred sheep in Canada are now enjoying an additional measure of reward. Shipments of different breeds of pure bred sheep raised in Canada are being sent to several countries, the largest orders coming from the United States, Jamaica and Russia.

Sheep breeders in other countries have found that the climate in Canada is a helpful factor in producing a hardy strain, consequently increasing the animals' resistance to disease.

The demand for Canadian sheep from different parts of the world began to reach a noticeable point about five years ago. Since then it has been increasing each year so that now there is a good market for all the more popular breeds and the prospects are that the demand is likely to become more active.

Round-up of Wild Horses

Roving Bands of These Animals in British Columbia

Hundreds of wild and vicious stallions which roam the ranges of the Cariboo and Cumbrouk districts, heading bands of wild horses, are being destroyed by cowboys under government supervision now. Big roundups of these animals will take place at many points in the interior during the next few weeks and the useless horses, which are a menace to the stock industry, will be shot.

These roving bands not only utilize the range for cattle, but they lure domestic horses away from ranches. Alberta agricultural interests are considering the advisability of importing large numbers of the bodies of the wild horses to be used for fertilizer purposes. It is announced at the lands department at Victoria. Roundups of horses for this purpose in the Okanagan Valley are under consideration now.

Must Keep Accurate Time

Experts were busy performing a most delicate task in connection with England's shift to summer time—setting forward King George's watches and clocks. There are more than 300 royal timepieces at Windsor Castle and their adjustment must be accurate to the second. The most valuable clock in the collection is the one in the turret over the state entrance to the Grand Quadrangle, which has been going for a century and seldom varies ten seconds in a week.

Old lady (to her conductor):—"Do you stop at the Ritz Hotel?"

Bus Conductor (angrily):—"No, madam, not on my pay."

The easiest road to wealth is to have a rich relative die and leave you a fortune.

Indian Stone Mirror

Interesting Relic of Early Days Is Found in B.C.

While there may not have been beauty parlors in pre-historic days, the Indian braves and belles who inhabited what is now Central British Columbia, had their own methods and appliances for enhancing their charms. The "rouge and cosmetics" used were obtained from natural coloring materials, but a recent discovery shows that hand mirrors also existed in those days. The discovery was made by a Dominion archaeologist's party. In the pre-historic part of the ancient Glikan village site immediately below Hazelton, one of the extremely rare stone mirrors known to have been used by the Tsimshian Indians of the Skeena Valley area.

The specimen is a thin slab of black stone, one end of which is narrowed for a handle and the other end has its flat surface highly polished. One of the older Hazelton Indians demonstrated to the archaeologists how this was used. The mirror surface was wet and when this is done the polished surface actually reflects the human face so clearly that individual hairs and the color of the eyes are discernible.

This Indian stated that such mirrors were used by the Indians when they were "making up" their faces for tribal dances and ceremonies in the days before the white man introduced the present looking glass. The specimen seemed to be being sent to the National Museum at Ottawa for the preservation among the pre-historic Indian relics.

Canning Fruits and Vegetables

Canning Can be Done in the Home by Simple Method

Canning is now recognized to be the most practical and economical method of preserving large quantities of fruits and vegetables for home use during winter months. "A can of fruit, a can of vegetables, a can of greens for a family of six for every day in the year that the garden is not producing" is the slogan advocated for every housewife in a new bulletin on "Preserving Fruits and Vegetables in the Home," distributed by the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa. The constant use of fresh and canned fruits and vegetables means better health for each member of the family. The canning can be done in the home simply and inexpensively without elaborate equipment. Full instructions are given in the bulletin which contains recipes for the preparation and doing up of all kinds of fruits, vegetables, jams, and jellies.

An attorney who advertised for a chauffeur, when questioning a negro applicant, said: "How about you, George? are you married?"

"Naw, sir, boss; naw, sir; Ah makes my own livin'."

The man who says the right thing at the right time has no other merit; when he has nothing to say he keeps his mouth shut.

Some people are always looking for a new kind of mistake to make.

A Little Tale of Home Nursing

Reformation of Living Habits Effected Through Proper Instruction

In an industrial centre in New Brunswick, a Red Cross nurse who was conducting one of the Home Nursing Classes which Miss Barrington has made so popular a feature of both urban and rural life in that province, observed coming in with one of the regular members, one evening, a girl who had never before attended. She was hastily but untidily dressed, painted, powdered and "gay" in appearance, but the nurse noted that had both an unhealthy and unhappy look, and a manner little short of reckless.

With this girl and others of her kind in her mind the instructor keyed her lesson that night to the connection between health and beauty. She described the really attractive girl as one with clear skin, bright eyes, shining, well groomed hair, and an alert, wholesome mind. She pointed out that these things did not come from accident but from intelligent care of the body and mind. She stressed the need of good, properly cooked food, of drinking plenty of good milk, of avoiding over indulgence in sweets and late hours, of opening bedroom windows, of walking, of getting out late hours and of consuming many vegetables. In concluding her lecture she appealed to the class to try her plan if the beauty of health was desired and she particularly noticed that the flashy girl was very intent on what was said. However in the press of business she soon forgot her.

But about two months later after a class had been completed, she found two girls waiting for her and one of them, a fine, rosy checked healthy looking young woman said to her, "O, nurse, I see that you do not remember me, but I have come to say 'thank you' to you. I came to one of your classes last fall with Mary C. and you told us all about the connection between health and good looks and contentment. I was in a very reckless temper that night. My grandad with whom I lived had just threatened to cast me out if I did not cut out the late hours, the dances, the rouge and flashy clothes, and I had about decided to leave his house and him when I met Mary and we came along to your class in Home Nursing."

"Well, when I heard you talking as you did, I began to think that grandad was not so far wrong perhaps. I was really fond of him, you know, only I thought he was a back number. But after listening to you, I made up my mind that I would try your plan for a week and see how it worked."

"So I bought more milk and drank a pint a day. I bathed oftener, I opened the windows at night and kept better hours. I ate lots of fresh vegetables and tried to be sensible. At the end of the week I felt good, so I went right on and now just look at me! And I am a lot happier and so is Grandad. I am engaged to a nice plain man, and I think I am a much nicer girl myself than I was. So I felt that I ought just to come and tell you about it."

The nurse, much cheered about her work reported to Miss Barrington, Supervisor of Red Cross Home-Nursing Classes in New Brunswick, that she "had made a convert," but Miss Barrington who in the past year has organized 77 classes and has seen 1,200 women and girls enjoy and profit by the instruction given, only smiled for she knows that while there may be few cases of conversion so spectacular as this, there is a gradual reformation of living habits of whole communities being effected through the knowledge which is imparted to the home makers of her province or other parts of Canada in the Home Nursing classes.

Surplus of Women in England

Increase of Five Hundred Thousand Over Pre-War Figure

The World War has left more than 1,700,000 surplus women in England, an increase of 500,000 over the pre-war figure, it was revealed in the final volume of British census returns.

The increase over men was most marked among those women of marriageable age, there being 1,470 unmarried women between the ages of thirty and thirty-five for every 1,000 unmarried men. Much smaller families also resulted from the war, as well as a reduction in the population increase rate. Despite this the population of England has reached 37,750,000 or one person per acre.

Horace: "May I marry your daughter, sir? I can't live without her!"

Pete: "Take her mother, too. I can't live with her!"

Some men are so mean that they even refuse to let their wives have the last word.

Forest Fire Loss Reduced by C.N.R.

Railway's Campaign of Education Results in Large Saving

A persistent campaign against forest fires throughout the Dominion of Canada brought a reduction in fire damage along the lines of the Canadian National Railways during 1926, according to W. H. Kibby, Chief of Forest Protection on the National System. During 1926, total fire damage over the 21,000 miles of the Canadian National Railways in Canada amounted to \$13,592 or about 64 cents average loss per mile of track. The average burned over is shown as 6,041 acres and 420 fires were attributed to railway causes. This makes the total value of property destroyed by fire along the lines of the Canadian National System during 1926, about equal to that of a medium-sized house in one of the cities," Mr. Kibby stated, "and this reduction in losses has been brought about by constant care and supervision."

"The week of April 24 to April 30 inclusive was set aside as 'Save the Forest Week' in Canada, but in order to reduce fire dangers along our lines we have made every week 'Save the Forest Week' on the Canadian National System."

"Our forest protection program," Mr. Kibby continued, "is of equal importance to us as any other part of railway policy, for the forests not only contribute a large share of our total freight revenue, but a large part of railway expenditures must also go for forest products."

"During 1926, it is estimated, the Canadian National Railways' bill for products of the forest amounted to more than ten and three quarter million dollars, and the cost of ties, poles, timbers and other products necessary for railway construction, bridge building, etc., is constantly increasing as the forest growth diminishes. So far as the forests' contribution to freight revenues are concerned, it is estimated that these furnish about 20 per cent of the total tonnage handled by the railway company. More than 12,750,000 tons of woods and wood products were handled by the Canadian National Railways during 1926, and to handle these in one shipment, in ordinary trains, would require some 6,350 locomotives; nearly 2,500 miles of trackage and 33,000 trainmen."

"With this in mind, it is obvious that saving the forests during every week of the year is vital to the Canadian National System, even if it is considered only from a selfish, financial point of view."

New Citizens of Canada

Italians Head the List of Those Becoming Naturalized

Foreign people to the number of 16,797 became naturalized Canadians in the fiscal year which closed a month ago. This is an increase of 1,394 over the corresponding period of time last year.

The great preponderance of the new citizens come from the West, where patents to homesteads depend upon naturalization. Of all races, however, the Italian in Canada is generally the most anxious to acquire the rights of citizenship and as soon as the five years residence is finished he is usually after his naturalization papers. American homesteaders and the Jewish people also are pretty prompt.

Italians headed the list last year with 2,810 naturalizations. Poles came next with 2,613, United States citizens third with 2,354, Russians fourth with 2,157 and Austrians fifth with 2,129.

Other naturalizations were: Rumanians, 1,199; Belgians, 421; German, 413; Swedes, 336; French, 202; Greeks, 229; Norwegians, 216; Hungarians, 102; Turks, 164; Bulgarians, 101; Japanese, 81.

Saskatchewan Swine Clubs

Mr. Brockelbank, swine club organizer in the Saskatchewan College of Agriculture, gives the following list of swine clubs in Saskatchewan, for 1927: Bralora, Birch Hills, Bricecroft, Crosswicks, Fairlight, Kishew, Kennedy, Lac Vert, Marcelin, Manor, Moosomin, Melfort, Parkman, Perdue, Prince Albert, Radville, Roncan, Shellbrook, Togo, Tisdale, Tuxford, Wiseton, Whitewood and Yorkton. In addition, there are now clubs likely to be organized at Bello Plaine, Calder, Foam Lake and Lebberge.

Our idea of a modest man is one who can keep his opinion of himself to himself.

When in doubt a wise man gets out—if possible.

Criticism, like charity, should be given at home.

CANADA LOOKS GOOD TO THEM



Here is a typical group of practical farmers and their families from the United States, who have removed bag and baggage into Western Canada, which, as one of them stated, "looks like the land of real opportunity to us." In addition to being farmers of long standing and thoroughly acquainted with all the methods necessary to ensure the successful operation of a large tract of land in Western Canada, these welcome newcomers have plenty of capital to establish themselves and also a considerable amount of farming equipment. There are three families in the photograph. Two of them have gone to the Lutlaw district, Sas-

katchewan and the third to the Mar-go district of Saskatchewan.

Last year, through the efforts of L. B. Boyd, superintendent of Colonization for the Canadian National Railways at St. Paul, Minn., 355 families such as these came to Canada and have established themselves. In every case they brought with them large quantities of agricultural machinery and it is estimated that the head of every family had at least \$5,000 in cash available for investment in his enterprise. On the extreme right of the picture is seen O. B. Grubley, a member of Mr. Boyd's staff who accompanied these families to Canada and saw them safely to their destinations.

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I have a bull of excellent milk strain. Service \$2.50.—E. J. Shaffer, Raymond.

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NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned, Lee Ning, that the Club Cafe, occupied by him, has been closed, and the building has been moved. His present stock will be kept until the completion of the new building which will then be occupied by him and the new Club Cafe.

Sgd. Lee Ning,
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**Delayed Spring
Work Requires
Well Directed Finish**

Stormy and cold weather has delayed spring work. With the coming of warmer days a great deal of work on the farm must be accomplished in a short time. Knowing this, one should carefully plan his work and then work to that plan.

It is impossible to secure a good stand of any crop without attention being given to the proper preparation of the seed bed. One must be ready to work the soil at the right time, just as soon as it is dry enough to permit it.

Moisture, warmth and air are necessary to germinate and make the seedlings grow. Cultivation saves the moisture, and also insures the proper air content in the soil.

The first cultivation ordinarily should be deeper than those which follow. The tiny plants will permit of closer and deeper tillage. When the roots have spread out in all directions, care must be taken that the cultivator does not disturb and destroy these sources of the plant's life. It should be remembered also that one cultivation while the weeds are small is worth several after they have grown larger. Millions of weed seedlings will soon be coming through and can be easily destroyed by running the well sharpened knives of the cultivators down the furrow.

The cold weather has delayed the germination of wild oats and other weed seeds so late that it was necessary to plant beets before it was possible to properly destroy this foul growth, consequently many of our supposedly clean beet fields are taking on the appearance of a thrifty grain field, the grain however being of the wild variety and most difficult to kill. Where this condition exists the success of the beet crop is dependent almost entirely on the proper and early elimination of these wild oats, etc. The fields where wild oats are prevalent should be cultivated just as soon as it is possible to guide a cultivator down the rows. With one man to drive and one to guide the cultivator it is possible to cultivate beets before they are up. We suggest the use of the disk weeder on the front bar of the cultivator with the knives set in just a little on the rear bar. However use whatever tools you can work best, but do not delay these cultivations. In a weeks time it is possible for wild oats to become so thick and matted that it is next to impossible to cultivate them out. Early cultivation is your cheapest method of weed elimination.

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WHEN BANK OF MONTREAL TOKENS WERE USED FOR SMALL CHANGE

FOUNDED before Canada had any currency of its own, the Bank of Montreal in the early part of the Nineteenth Century obtained authorization from the British Government to issue copper tokens for small change.

Reproduced herewith are the two sides of the one-penny token of 1838 and of a "habitant" token of 1837. The obverse of the former shows a picture of the building used by the Bank of Montreal at that time, the obverse of the latter a typical farmer of Lower Canada, now Quebec. The reverse of both coins is the same, showing the arms of the city of Montreal.

Throughout its long history, the Bank of Montreal has always been active in serving the financial needs of the people of Canada, steadily extending its service as the need and opportunity for it arose.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

TOTAL ASSETS IN EXCESS OF \$780,000,000

Raymond Branch: C. C. WATSON, Manager

Mrs. Frank Leavitt Edmonton Delegate

Special features of the W. I. program held last Wednesday were musical selections by Mrs. Fleming and Mrs. Watson, and also a dramatic reading by Mrs. Emma Peterson.

The resolutions to come before the provincial convention next week in Edmonton were discussed by the Raymond local. All were indorsed with the exception of the resolution drafted to amend the Mother's Allowance Act.

Mrs. Frank Leavitt was elected as the official delegate to the convention. She will be accompanied by Mrs. J. P. Anderson, provincial executive, Mrs. J. Powelson representing the Taber constituency, and Mrs. A. W. Kirkham and Mrs. C. Nilsson as visiting delegates.

Prize for High School Pupil

In order to encourage high school students to make a thorough review in preparation for the forthcoming final examinations, the high school staff offered a prize to the student securing the highest number of marks in a preliminary exam held this week. The results of this test will be published next week.

NOTICE

IN THE ESTATE OF ANDREW SHAND WATSON during his lifetime of the Post Office of Magrath in the Province of Alberta, farmer, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of the above named Andrew Shand Watson, who died on the 3rd day of January, 1927, are required to file with the undersigned by the 1st day of August, 1927, a full statement duly verified of their claims and of any securities held by them, and that after that date the administrator will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which notice has been filed or which have been brought to his knowledge.

Dated this 16th day of May, A. D. 1927.
Trenholme Dickson
Administrator of the Estate of Andrew Shand Watson, deceased,
Parliament Buildings,
Edmonton, Alberta.



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